

## Staying cool and confident under pressure

"So. Susan, vergort indicates you support forging shead with the expansion but have you considered the impact this will have on our customers? Surely you temember the fasco in Dallas last year when they tried to sume type of point." When they tried the same type of point support of the supp

what you are saying. When you can translate your thoughts and ideas into coherent speech quickly, you ensure your ideas are heard. You also come across as being confident, persua-sive, and trustworthy. Confidence is key when learning to think on your feet.

When you present information, give an opinion or pro-vide suggestions, make sure you know what you are talk-ing about and that you are well informed. This doesn't

mean you have to know every-thing about everything, but if you rar reasonably confident in your knowledge of the subject, that confidence will help you to remain calm and collected even if you are put unexpectedly in the hot seat. The secret of thinking on your feet is to be prepared: learn some preparation for situations that might put you under pressure. Then when you do find yourself faced with unexpected questions

Seeking the Right Employee?

and tactics: 1. Relax This is often the opposite of how you are feeling when you're under pressure, but in order for your voice to remain calm and for your brain to "think", you have to be as relaxed as possible. **Take dee preeths** Take a second and give yourself a positive and affirming

(thighs, biceps, feet) for a few sec-onds and release. 2. Listen

It comes as no surprise that lis-It comes as no surprise that lis-tening is critical to thinking on your feet. Why do you need to lis-ten? To make sure you fully understand the question or request before you reply. If you answer too soon, you risk going into a line of thinking that is unnecessary or inappropriate. To help you with your listening remember to:

Then when you do find yourself faced with unexpected questions. In debate, you'll be ready to draw on these tactics and preparation, and so stay poised while you compose your thoughts and prepare your response. Here are some tips in datactics: I. Relax This is often the opposite of how you are feeling when thoughts in the opposite of how you are feeling when this and what is the intention? The is often the opposite of how you are feeling when the opposite of how you are feeling when this and what is the intention?

## Remember that the person is asking a question because

he or she is interested. Some interest is positive - they simply want to know more - and some is negative - they want to see you squirm. Either way they are interested

in what you have to say. It's your privilege and pleasure not to disappoint them! 3. Have the Question Repeated If you're feeling particularly under pressure, ask for the question to be repeated. This gives you a bit more time

question to be repeated. This gives you a bit more time to think about your response. At first glance people think this will only make them look unsure. It doesn't. It makes you look concerned that you give an appropriate response. It also gives the ques-tioner an opportunity to rephrase and ask a question that is more on point. Remember, the questioner may well have just "thought on his or her feet" to ask the question, so when you give them a second chance, the question may well be better articulated and clearer to all.

all. By asking to have the question repeated you also get another opportunity to assess the intentions of the questioner. If it is more specific or better worded, chances are the person really wants to learn more. If the repeated question is more aggressive than the first one, then you know the person is more interested in making you uncomfortable than anything else. When that's thecase the next in cornes in next, bady. e, the next tip comes in very handy that's the

that's the case, the next tip comes in very handy. 4. Use Stall Tactics Sometimes you need more time to get your thoughts straight and calm yourself down enough to make a clear reply The last thing you want to do is blurt out the first thing that comes to your mind. Often this is a defensive comment that only makes you look insecure and anxious rather than confident and composed. Repeat the question yourself. This gives you time to thick and wand caffic wareful when the Repeat the question yourself. This gives you time to think and you clarify exactly what is being asked. It also allows you to rephrase if necessary and put a positive spin on the request. 'How have I considered the impact on customers in order to make sure they have a continued positive experience during the expansion''.

Narrow the focus. Here, you ask a question Narrow the focus. Here, you ask a question of your own to not only clarify, but to bring the question down to a manageable scope. "Vorre interested in hearing how I've consid-ered customer impacts. What impacts are you most interested in: product availability or in store service?" Ask for clarification. Again, this will force the questioner to be more specific and hope-fully get more to a specific point. "When you say you want to know how I've analyzed cus-tomer impacts do you prear you ward as

tomer impacts, do you mean you want a detailed analysis or a list of the tools and

detailed analysis or use of the tools and methods luwed?" Ask for a definition. Jargon and specific tesh to have words and ideas clarified to ensure you artalking about the same thing. 5. Use Silence to your Advantage We are conditioned to believe that silence is uncomfortable. However, if you use it spar-ingly it communicates that you are in control of your thoughts and confident in your abili-ty to answer expertly. When you rush to answer you also trylically rush your words. Pausing to collect your thoughts tells your brain to slow everything down. 6. Stick to One Point and One Supporting Plece of Information There's a high risk that, under pressure, pull answer a question with either too much

vou'll answ you'll answer a question with either too much or too little information. If you give too short or too little information. If you give too short an answer, you risk letting the conversation slip into interropation mode. (You'll get firmly in control of how the dialogue unfolds). When your reply is too long, you risk losing people's interest, coming across as boring, or giving away things that are better left unsaid. Remember, you aren't being asked to give a speech on the subject. The questioner wants to know something. Respect that and give them an answer, with just enough supporting information. This technique gives you focus. Rather are running through your head, when you pick one main point and one supporting fact, you allow yourself to answer accurately and assuredly.

assuredly

assuredly. Tip: If you don't know the answer, say so. There is no point trying to make something up. You will end up looking foolish and this will lower your confidence when you need to think on your feet in the future. There is (usu-ally) nothing wrong with not knowing some-thing. Simply make sure you follow up as soon as possible afterwards with a researched answer: 7. Prepare some "what ifs"

researched answer: 7. Prepare some "what ifs" With a hit of forethought, it's often possible to predict the types of questions you might be asked, so you can prepare and rehearse some answers to questions that might come your way Let's say you are presenting the monthly sales figures to your management team. The chances are your report will cover most of chances are your report will cover most of the obvious questions that the management team might have, but what other questions might you predict? What's different about this month? What new questions might be asked? How would you respond? What addi-tional information might you need to have to hand to support more detailed questions? In particular, spend some time brainstorm-ing the most difficult questions that people which set an expensive and reparaging

might ask, and preparing and rehearsing good answers to them.

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Printed and published by Wileva Newspapers Ltd. on Sunday November 29,2009 at No. 8. Hunupitiva Cross Road. Colombo 02.